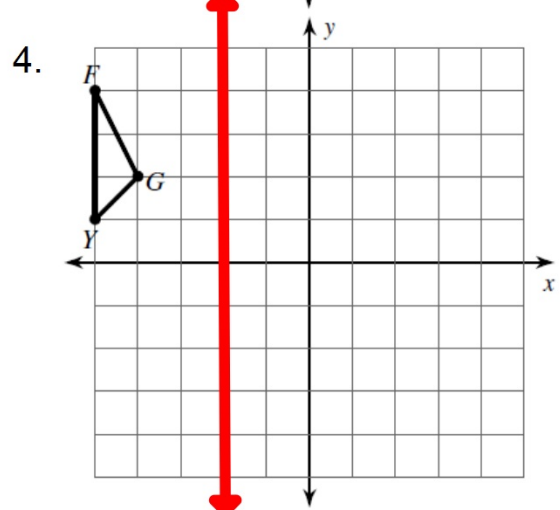
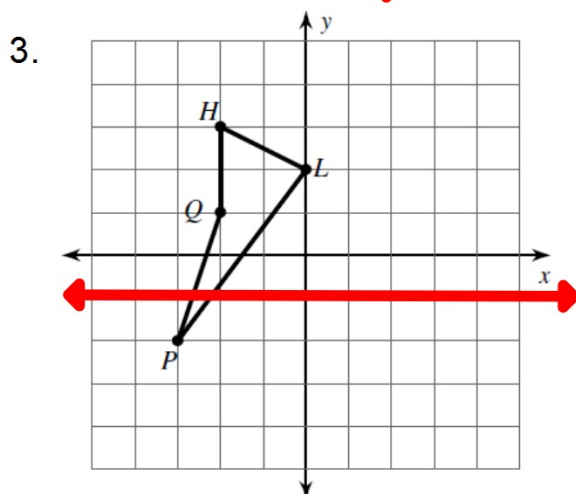
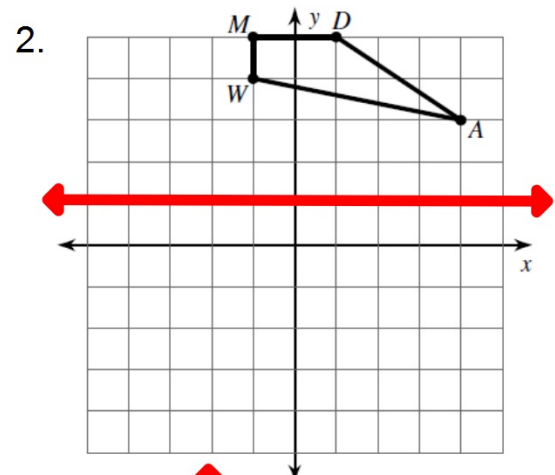
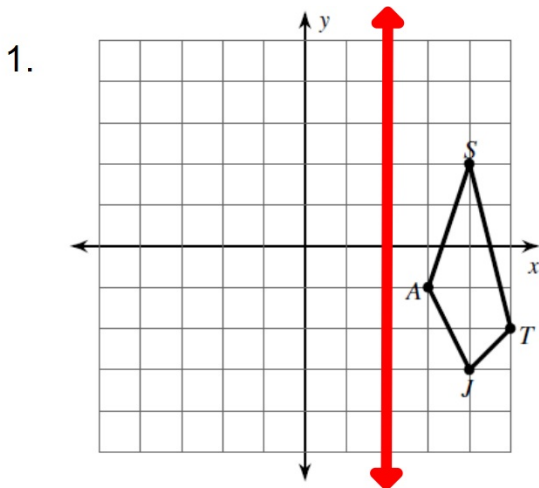


We know how to reflect over the x-axis and the y-axis. We need to be able to reflect over any line on a coordinate plane. When the line of symmetry is either horizontal or vertical, it's easy! We just need to count the number of units it takes to get to the line. Then count the same amount of units to reflect over it.

**Let's try a few examples of reflecting over lines other than the x and y axes:**



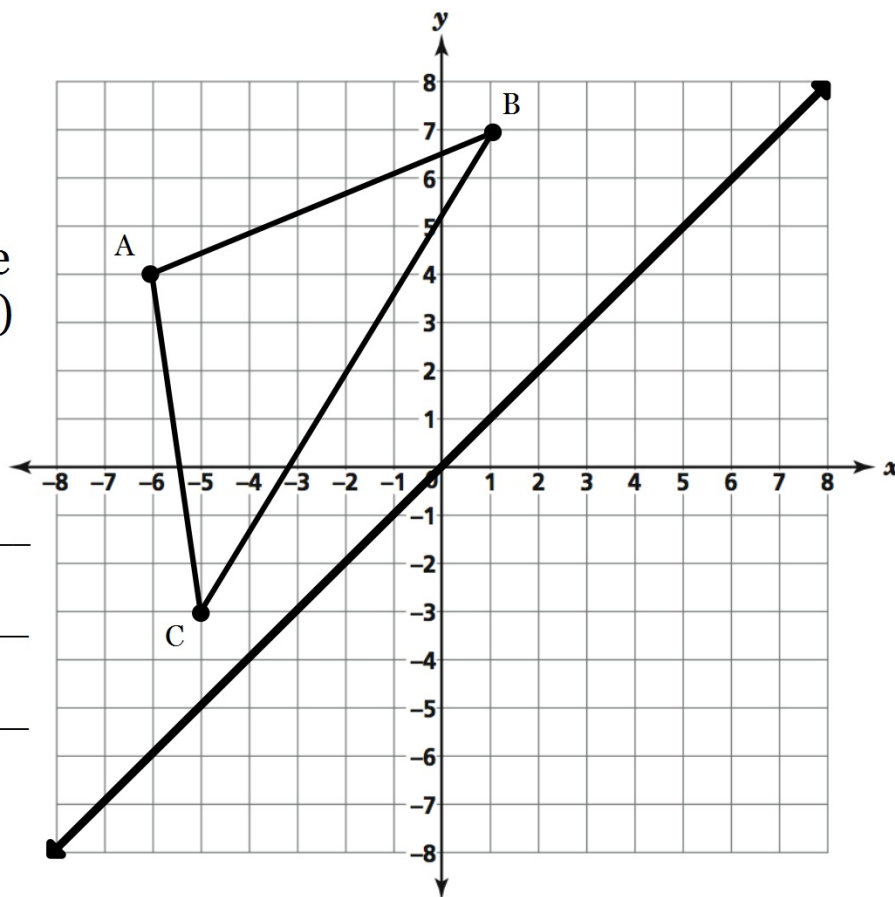
# Line Reflections

$$y = x$$

## Example 1

Try this !!!

Reflect  $\triangle ABC$  over the line on the graph ( $y=x$ )



A \_\_\_\_\_ A' \_\_\_\_\_

B \_\_\_\_\_ B' \_\_\_\_\_

C \_\_\_\_\_ C' \_\_\_\_\_

Do you notice anything?

Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

## Example 2

Reflect  $\triangle DEF$  over the line on the graph ( $y=x$ )

D \_\_\_\_\_ D' \_\_\_\_\_

E \_\_\_\_\_ E' \_\_\_\_\_

F \_\_\_\_\_ F' \_\_\_\_\_

On the lines below, explain how you determined the location of D'

\_\_\_\_\_

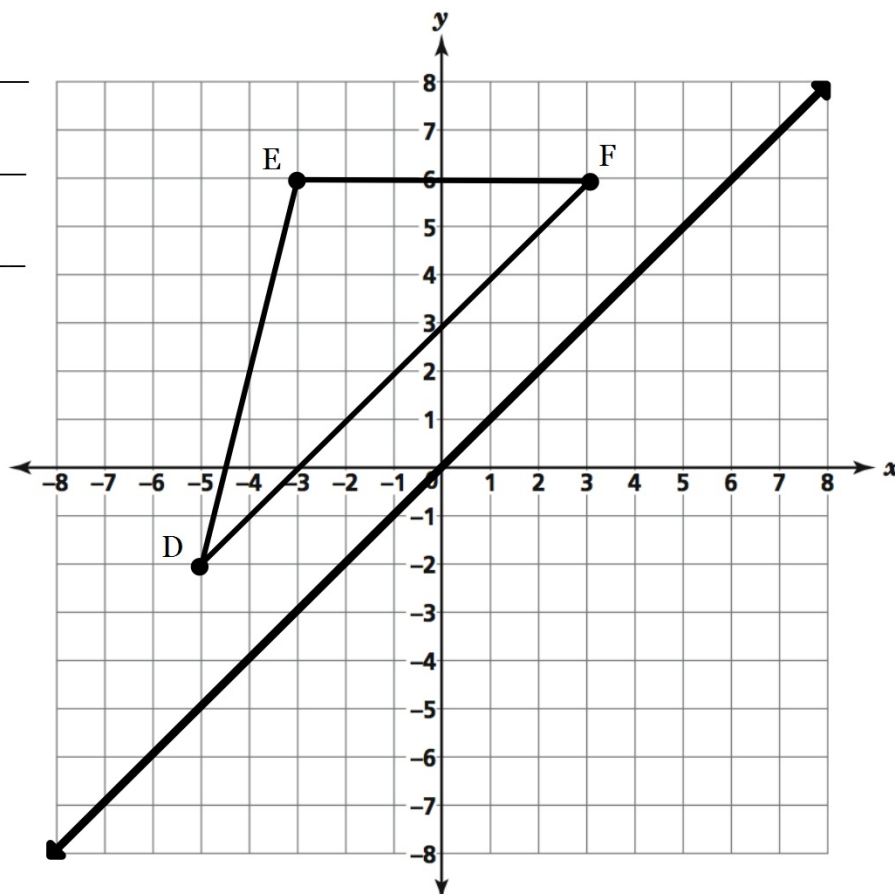
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

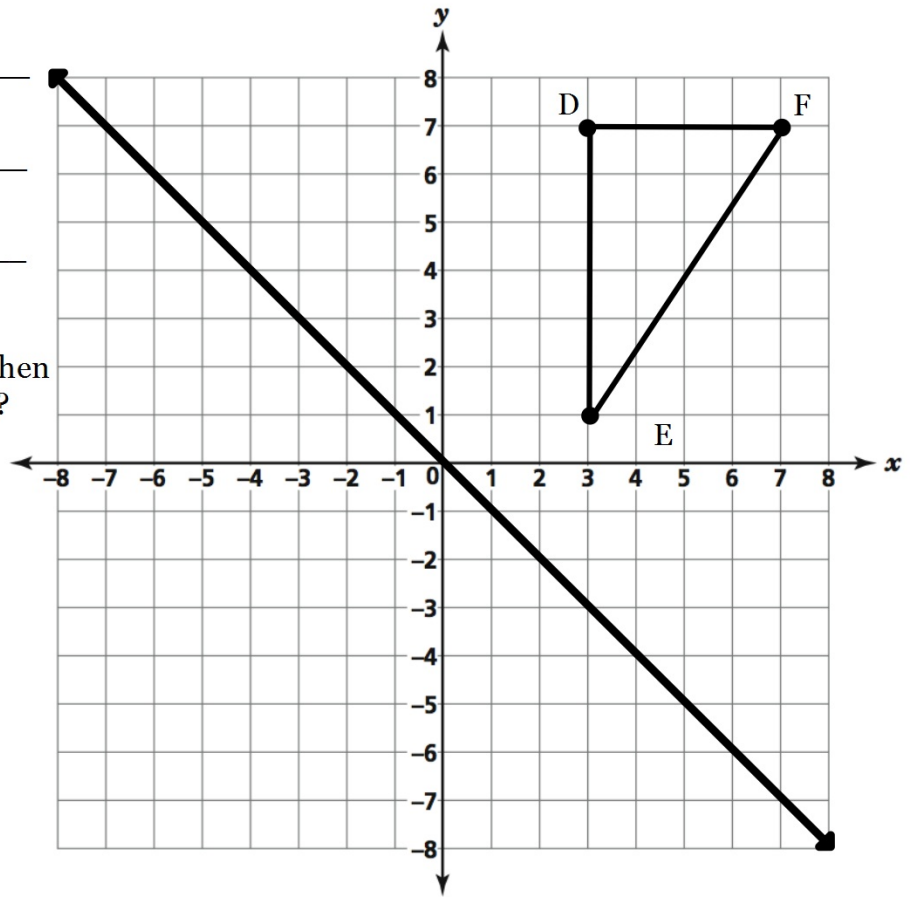
\_\_\_\_\_



**Example 3**

Reflect  $\triangle DEF$  over the line on the graph ( $y = -x$ )

D \_\_\_\_\_ D' \_\_\_\_\_  
 E \_\_\_\_\_ E' \_\_\_\_\_  
 F \_\_\_\_\_ F' \_\_\_\_\_



What happens to the coordinate when you reflect over the line  $y = -x$  ???

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

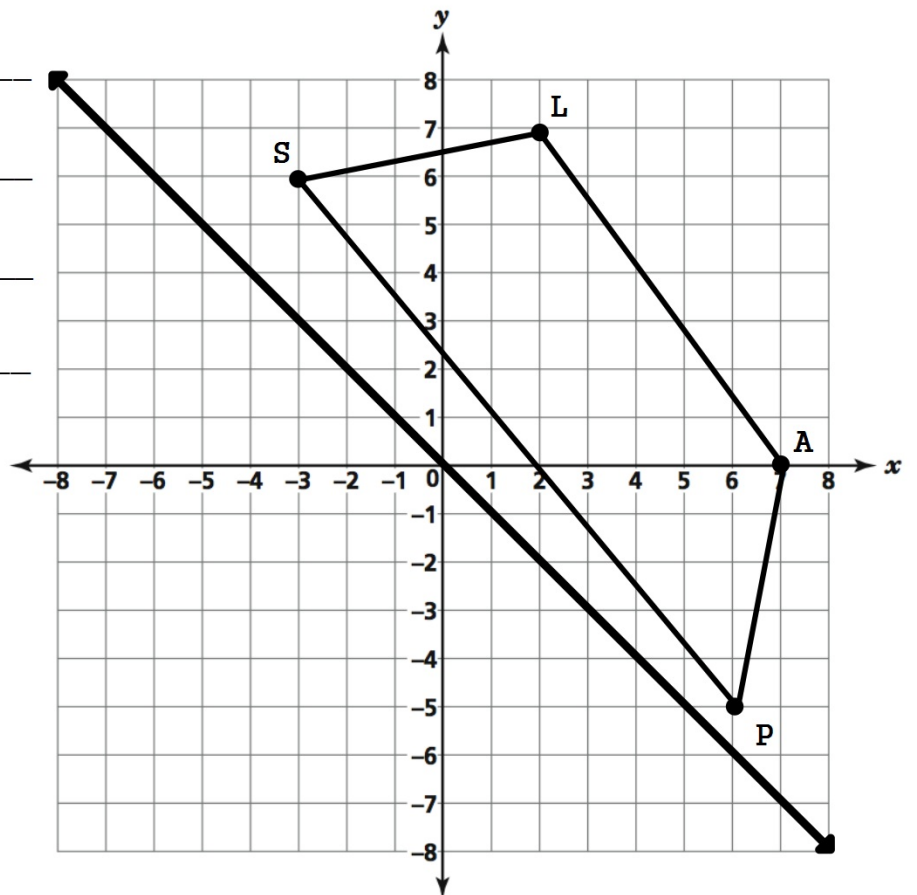
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Example 4**

Reflect quadrilateral SLAP over the line on the graph ( $y = -x$ )

S \_\_\_\_\_ S' \_\_\_\_\_  
 L \_\_\_\_\_ L' \_\_\_\_\_  
 A \_\_\_\_\_ A' \_\_\_\_\_  
 P \_\_\_\_\_ P' \_\_\_\_\_



Explain how you determined the location of the image  $S'L'A'P'$

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_